ANNEX IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Ashmore SICAV Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund (the "Sub-Fund")

Legal entity identifier: 549300XN3TSDT577QM40

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

•• Yes	• X No
It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	 It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy
It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	 with a social objective It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund are: 1) the exclusion of issuers having low ESG scores using Ashmore's proprietary ESG scoring criteria, and 2) the reduction of exposure to Quasi-Sovereign issuers which are corporates operating in certain industry sectors. The extent to which these characteristics were met is each explained in more detail below:

1) Exclusion of issuers having low ESG scores using Ashmore's proprietary ESG scoring criteria: The Sub-Fund did not invest in any issuer rated below 4 based on the application of the ESG Scoring Process (as defined below).

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. **That Regulation** does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



 Reduction of exposure to Quasi-Sovereign issuers which are corporates operating in certain industry sectors: None of the Sub-Fund's investments were in violation of the industry sector exclusion policies of Ashmore Investment Management Limited (the "Investment Manager").

"ESG Scoring Process" means the scoring process of the Investment Manager whereby the Investment Manager issues a score to each issuer, based on their historical and current performance, taking into account the environmental, social or governance risks that an issuer may present, the performance of each issuer against environmental, social or governance factors that is drawn from a range of data sources. Such process of which is subject to change. The Investment Manager uses various tools to determine the most material ESG factors by industry (including Sovereigns and Quasi-Sovereigns, as applicable) by reviewing available information. The Investment Manager is a signatory of global initiatives including the United Nations supported Principles for Responsible Investment (UNPRI), and the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD).

"Quasi-Sovereign" means an entity (including a local or regional governmental body) that is 100% guaranteed by a Sovereign or 100% directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a Sovereign.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

In addition, the Investment Manager considered the following issues when assessing the environmental and social characteristics of the Sub-Fund:

1) 98.20% of the Sub-Fund's investments met the ESG Scoring Threshold (as defined below) (i.e. scored a combined score of at least 4 according to the ESG Scoring Process on two out of three of the "E", "S" or "G" combined scores), exceeding the minimum threshold of 80%.

In addition, as of 31 December 2024:

- (i) the overall ESG score of the Sub-Fund was 16.5 out of 30.
- (ii) the average E score of the Sub-Fund was 5.3 out of 10.
- (iii) the average S score of the Sub-Fund was 5.6 out of 10.
- (iv) the average G score of the Sub-Fund was 5.6 out of 10.
- 2) 100% of the Sub-Fund's investments in issuers which are corporates were in compliance with the Investment Manager's industry sector exclusion policies.

Quasi-Sovereign issuers represented 0% of the NAV of the Sub-Fund as of 31 December 2024.

"ESG Scoring Threshold" means issuers that score a combined score of at least 4 according to the ESG Scoring Process on any two out of three of the "E", "S" or "G" combined scores. Issuers below this ESG Scoring Threshold are not permissible investments for the Sub-Fund other than green, social, sustainability and sustainability-linked, or such other environmental, social or governance or other related purpose bonds as determined by the Investment Manager which are permissible investments (the "**Permitted Bonds**"), which for the avoidance of doubt are excluded from the binding elements of the Sub-Fund's investment strategy for promoting environmental and/or social characteristics. The ESG Scoring Process of the Investment Manager takes into account material ESG factors that are relevant to the specific assets in the Sub-Fund and compliant with the Investment Manager's industry exclusion policies.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. …and compared to previous periods?

Not applicable.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Not applicable.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Not applicable.

 Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Not applicable.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

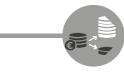
Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Investment Manager took into account the relevant indicators for principal adverse sustainability impacts in the Annex I of the RTS, having regard to their materiality. Such indicators were and are being employed in Ashmore's ESG Scoring Process which considers the relevant principal adverse sustainability impacts on sustainability factors.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.



The list includes the investments constituting **the** greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 8 July 2024 – 31 December 2024



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What were the top investments of this financial product?

For the period starting 8 July 2024 and ending 31 December 2024 (top investments as of 31 December 2024):

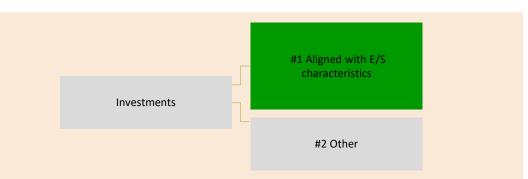
Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Brazil Bltn 0% 01/07/2027	SOVEREIGN	5.23	Brazil
Brazil Bltn 0% 01/01/2030	SOVEREIGN	3.54	Brazil
Poland Govt 6% 25/10/2033	SOVEREIGN	2.81	Poland
Brazil Bltn 0% 01/01/2028	SOVEREIGN	2.55	Brazil
China Government Bond 2.27% 25/05/2034 (240011)	SOVEREIGN	2.51	China
Mexican Bonos 7.75% 29/05/2031	SOVEREIGN	2.42	Mexico
Rep Of South Africa 8.50% 31/01/2037 R2037	SOVEREIGN	2.36	South Africa
Turkiye Government Bond 26.2% 05/10/2033	SOVEREIGN	2	Turkiye
Poland Govt 7.5% 25/07/2028	SOVEREIGN	1.84	Poland
Rep Of South Africa 8.875% 28/02/2035 R2035	SOVEREIGN	1.67	South Africa
China Government Bond 2.75% 17/02/2032 (220003)	SOVEREIGN	1.66	China
India Government Bond 7.18% 24/07/2037	SOVEREIGN	1.59	India
Rep Of South Africa 8.25% 31/03/2032 R2032	SOVEREIGN	1.53	South Africa
Malaysia Govt 4.504% 30/04/2029 (0322)	SOVEREIGN	1.44	India
India Government Bond 7.54% 23/05/2036	SOVEREIGN	1.41	South Africa
Mexican Bonos 7.75% 29/05/2031 Rep Of South Africa 8.50% 31/01/2037 R2037 Turkiye Government Bond 26.2% 05/10/2033 Poland Govt 7.5% 25/07/2028 Rep Of South Africa 8.875% 28/02/2035 R2035 China Government Bond 2.75% 17/02/2032 (220003) India Government Bond 7.18% 24/07/2037 Rep Of South Africa 8.25% 31/03/2032 R2032 Malaysia Govt 4.504% 30/04/2029 (0322)	SOVEREIGN SOVEREIGN SOVEREIGN SOVEREIGN SOVEREIGN SOVEREIGN SOVEREIGN	2.42 2.36 2 1.84 1.67 1.66 1.59 1.53 1.44	Mexico South Africa Turkiye Poland South Africa China India South Africa India

What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

What was the asset allocation?

As at 31 December 2024, 98.20% of the Sub-Fund's investments exhibited the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund in accordance with the binding elements of its investment strategy (#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics) and the Sub-Fund did not make any sustainable investments as defined under SFDR.

As at 31 December 2024, the Sub-Fund also invested 1.80% of its NAV in cash, hedging instruments (for such hedging instruments calculated using mark to market) and/or Permitted Bonds, which were excluded from the binding elements of the Sub-Fund's investment strategy for promoting environmental and/or social characteristics (#2 Other).



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

 turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.

- capital expenditure

 (CapEx) showing the
 green investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

The Sub-Fund's largest investments were in Soveriegn Bonds.

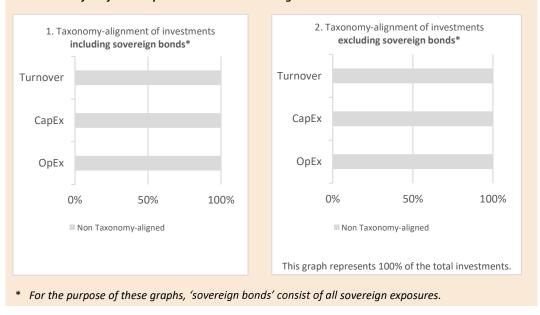
To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable. The Sub-Fund has not committed to invest in any EU Taxonomy aligned investments. Therefore the share of investments in sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy was none.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy¹?

	Yes:		
		In fossil gas	In nuclear energy
×	No		

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds^{*}, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Not applicable. The Sub-Fund has not committed to invest in any minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. Therefore the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities was none.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Not applicable.

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Not applicable. The Sub-Fund has not committed to invest in any sustainable investments with an environmental objective.



Not applicable. The Sub-Fund has not committed to invest in any sustainable investments with a social objective.

What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Sub-Fund may, on an ancillary basis, hold cash, use financial derivative instruments for the purpose of hedging and invest in Permitted Bonds ("Other Assets"). The Other Assets are excluded from the attainment of the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund considering their nature.

What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

For the period starting 8 July 2024 and ending 31 December 2024, the Sub-Fund:

- 1. excluded issuers rated below 4 (other than Permitted Bonds) based on the application of the ESG Scoring Process; and
- 2. excluded the sectors covered by the Investment Manager's industry exclusion policies.

How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable as the benchmark of the Sub-Fund does not measure the environmental or social characteristics of the Sub-Fund.

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.



investments with an environmental objective that **do not** take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.









Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark? Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?
 Not applicable.

ANNEX IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Ashmore SICAV Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Fund 2 (the "Sub-Fund")

Legal entity identifier: 549300GKZ23KWBEOXY06

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

•• Yes	• X No
It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	 It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective
It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	 It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund are: 1) the exclusion of issuers having low ESG scores using Ashmore's proprietary ESG scoring criteria, and 2) the reduction of exposure to Quasi-Sovereign issuers which are corporates operating in certain industry sectors. The extent to which these characteristics were met is each explained in more detail below:

1) Exclusion of issuers having low ESG scores using Ashmore's proprietary ESG scoring criteria: The Sub-Fund did not invest in any issuer rated below 4 based on the application of the ESG Scoring Process (as defined below).

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. **That Regulation** does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

